JULY 2002 3401.0

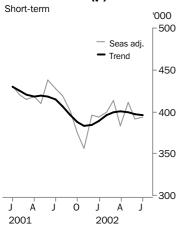


# OVERSEAS ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES

AUSTRALIA

EMBARGO: 11:30AM (CANBERRA TIME) THURS 22 AUG 2002





# JULY 2002 PRELIMINARY

	July 2002 '000s	% change between June 2002 and July 2002	Jan 2002 to July 2002 '000s	% change on previous corresponding period
Short-term				
Visitor arrivals				
Trend	395.6	-0.3		
Seasonally adjusted	393.4	_		
Original	409.4		2,702.0	-5.2

# KEY POINTS

- There were 409,400 short-term visitor arrivals to Australia during July 2002.
- When compared to June 2002, the trend estimate for short-term visitor arrivals decreased slightly in July 2002 (-0.3%) while the seasonally adjusted estimate for July 2002 remained relatively stable.
- The total number of short-term visitor arrivals for the seven months to July 2002 amounted to 2.7 million, a decrease of 5% compared to the seven months to July 2001 (2.8 million).
- New Zealand and Japan were the main source countries of short-term visitor arrivals
  to Australia for the seven months to July 2002 (each 15%), followed by the United
  Kingdom (13%) and the United States of America (10%).
- When compared to the seven months to July 2001, the number of short-term visitor arrivals in the seven months to July 2002 decreased by 7% from New Zealand, while short-term visitors from Japan decreased by 4% and short-term visitors from the United Kingdom decreased by 1%.

■ For further information about these and related statistics, contact the National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070, or Catherine Owen on Canberra 02 6252 5640.

# NOTES

#### FORTHCOMING ISSUES

There have been significant delays in the receipt of final Overseas Arrivals and Departures (OAD) data from August 2000 onwards from the Department of Immigration and Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs (DIMIA). Because of the use of overseas arrivals and departures data in population estimates which affects state and territory Government funding, DIMIA has given priority to processing passenger cards for July 2001 and subsequent months before finalising processing for earlier months — August 2000 through to June 2001. Data for this earlier period is now becoming available, with data for the September quarter 2000 released on 8 August 2002. Firm release dates for other outstanding quarters will be announced when known on the Demography Theme page on the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) web site <www.abs.gov.au>, then select Themes, then Demography; in future issues of this publication; and in the electronic Release Advice issued daily on the ABS web site.

The ABS has now published final monthly OAD data for July 2001 to June 2002. These data revise preliminary estimates published for those months and include other series not included in the preliminary release. Revised seasonally adjusted and trend estimates for this period will not be available until the full backlog of data has been processed.

The ABS is currently reviewing the feedback received in response to the Working Paper 2002/1 *Overseas Arrivals and Departures Dissemination Plan.* A decision regarding the ongoing release of preliminary and final OAD data will be advised when known on the Demography Theme page on the ABS web site, and in future issues of this publication.

CHANGES IN THIS ISSUE

This issue of 3401.0 contains preliminary estimates and some final figures of short-term visitor arrivals in August 2000 through to July 2002. Final data on short-term visitor arrivals, short-term resident departures and permanent and long-term movements is available up to September 2000 and from July 2001 to June 2002 only. The only tables included in this publication are 1 and 6 of the standard publication.

TREND REVISIONS

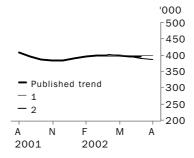
Each time new seasonally adjusted estimates become available, trend estimates of short-term visitor arrivals are revised (see paragraphs 14 to 18 of the Explanatory Notes).

The example in the graph below shows the illustrative scenario and the consequent revisions to previous trend estimates of visitor arrivals.

The seasonally adjusted estimate for:

- 1 August visitor arrivals is 2.90% higher than July, and
- 2 August visitor arrivals is 2.90% lower than July.

VISITOR ARRIVALS (p)



The percentage change of 2.90 was chosen because it represents the average absolute monthly percentage changes between months for visitor arrivals over the last four years.

Dennis Trewin Australian Statistician

# MAIN FEATURES

#### SHORT-TERM MOVEMENTS

VISITOR ARRIVALS

There were an estimated 409,400 short-term visitor arrivals to Australia in July 2002 bringing the total number of visitor arrivals for the seven months to July 2002 to 2.7 million, a decrease of 5% compared to the overseas visitor arrivals for the seven months to July 2001 (2.8 million).

The major source countries of short-term visitor arrivals to Australia for the seven months to July 2002 were New Zealand and Japan (each 15%), the United Kingdom (13%), the United States of America (10%), Singapore (6%) and China and Korea (each 4%). By comparison, in the seven months to July 2001, New Zealand and Japan (each 15%) were the main source countries followed by the United Kingdom (12%) and the United States of America (10%).

Comparing the seven months to July 2002 to the corresponding period ended July 2001, only two of the top ten source countries recorded an increase in the number of short-term visitor arrivals. They were China (16%) and Korea (5%).

Of the top ten source countries for short-term visitor arrivals during the seven months to July 2002:

406,600 short-term visitors came from New Zealand, a decrease of 7% compared to the seven months to July 2001;

397,600 came from Japan, a decrease of 4%;

340,700 came from the United Kingdom, a decrease of 1%;

261,800 came from the United States of America, a decrease of 8%;

156,400 came from Singapore, a decrease of 3%;

114,200 came from China, an increase of 16%;

107,100 came from Korea, an increase of 5%;

88,200 came from Malaysia, a decrease of 1%;

70,700 came from Germany, a decrease of 15%;

64,200 came from Taiwan, a decrease of 16%.

TABLE 1. TOTAL MOVEMENT—ARRIVALS: CATEGORY OF MOVEMENT

				Short-term arrivals (a)					
	_	Long-term o	arrivals	Total_		('00')	- /		
				permanent			Overseas	Overseas	Total
	Permanent			and		Overseas	visitors	visitors	arrivals
	arrivals	Australian	Overseas	long-term	Australian	visitors	(Seasonally	(Trend	(a)
Period	Settlers	residents	visitors	arrivals	residents	(original)	adjusted)(b)	estimate)(c)	('000')
Year ended 31 December		76.120	125 520	200.070	2 226 1	4 450 5			7.075.5
1999	88,010	76,130	125,730	289,870	3,226.1	4,459.5		• •	7,975.5
2000 p	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	(d) 4,947.2	• •	• •	n.y.a.
2001 p	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	(e) 4,871.0	• •	• •	n.y.a.
Year ended 30 June —									
2000	92,270	79,650	133,200	305,120	3,299.9	4.651.8			8,256.8
2001 p	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	(f) 5,062.4			n.y.a.
2002	88,900	88,600	175,870	353,370	3,345.0	4,768.3			8,466.6
2000									
2000 —	8,650	6,290	8,620	23,570	283.0	372.9	406.0	408.5	679.4
August September	7,260	5,960	8,730	23,370	328.4	403.0	458.2	414.7	753.3
October p						435.6			
November p	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	460.9	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
•	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.		n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
December p	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	565.7	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.
2001 —									
January p	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	425.9	431.1	429.7	n.y.a.
February p	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	438.7	420.1	425.1	n.y.a.
March p	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	434.5	414.6	420.4	n.y.a.
April p	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	402.6	417.7	418.1	n.y.a.
May p	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	328.0	409.7	418.7	n.y.a.
June p	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	365.7	437.7	418.5	n.y.a.
July	7,900	6,670	24,450	39,030	349.4	446.9	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	835.3
August	7,580	6,120	11,090	24,790	288.5	384.6	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	697.9
September	7,350	6,680	10,910	24,940	314.7	366.3	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	705.9
October	7,020	6,770	11,870	25,660	346.1	378.5	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	750.3
November	6,760	7,720	8,870	23,350	225.7	376.2	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	625.2
December	7,570	14,680	9,120	31,360	198.7	523.2	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	753.2
2002—									
January	7,980	7,810	25,030	40,820	367.5	379.3	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	787.6
February	6,880	7,240	29,610	43,730	227.2	437.2	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	708.1
March	7,310	7,440	14,660	29,400	253.9	446.5	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	729.8
April	7,080	5,580	11,380	24,030	265.6	360.3	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	649.9
May	7,300	5,290	8,870	21,460	246.9	329.9	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	598.3
June	8,180	6,610	10,020	24,810	260.8	339.4	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	625.0
July p	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	409.4	393.4	395.6	n.y.a.

<sup>(</sup>a) Figures for short-term movement are based on a sample and are subject to sampling error. See paragraphs 9 and 10 of the Explanatory Notes for more detail.

<sup>(</sup>b) See paragraphs 14, 15 and 18 of the Explanatory Notes.

<sup>(</sup>c) See paragraphs 16–18 of the Explanatory Notes.

<sup>(</sup>d) Includes final data for January to September 2000.

<sup>(</sup>e) Includes final data for July to December 2001.

<sup>(</sup>f) Includes final data for July to September 2000.

# TABLE 6. SHORT-TERM MOVEMENT(a) — ARRIVALS OF OVERSEAS VISITORS COUNTRY OF RESIDENCE(b)

('000')

	Quarter ended 30 June		( 000)	Seven months to July			Month of July	
Country of residence(b)	2001p	2002	% change	2001p(c)	$\frac{\sqrt{2002p(d)}}{2002p(d)}$	% change	2001	2002p
OCEANIA & ANTARCTICA —	2001p	2002	70 CHAILE	20017(0)	2002p(u)	70 01161180	2001	2002p
New Zealand	198.5	191.2	-3.7	437.6	406.6	-7.1	74.5	55.5
Total	230.2	217.5	-5.5	513.1	474.9	-7.4	84.2	65.8
EUROPE & THE FORMER USSR —	_							
Germany	25.8	21.8	-15.5	83.1	70.7	-15.0	12.6	10.6
Italy	7.4	6.9	-7.5	24.2	20.6	-14.9	5.3	5.1
Netherlands	8.5	7.7	-9.2	30.8	28.0	-9.1	5.4	5.1
Sweden	4.2	3.9	-7.3	17.5	15.7	-10.4	2.2	2.2
Switzerland	7.3	6.2	-15.3	24.9	21.3	-14.5	3.5	3.2
United Kingdom	111.8	95.6	-14.5	343.0	340.7	-0.7	46.8	38.5
Total	207.7	185.0	-10.9	656.8	626.7	-4.6	100.4	87.5
MIDDLE EAST & NORTH AFRICA	. <del>-</del>							
Total	10.4	9.4	-9.4	34.6	29.4	-15.0	10.1	7.5
SOUTHEAST ASIA —								
Indonesia	18.4	19.7	7.0	55.4	51.9	-6.3	10.6	10.2
Malaysia	39.5	41.7	5.4	89.2	88.2	-1.1	12.1	11.3
Philippines	9.7	8.2	-15.1	19.3	18.0	-6.9	2.5	2.2
Singapore	78.3	76.2	-2.6	160.6	156.4	-2.7	22.7	15.9
Thailand	25.3	24.3	-3.8	49.6	49.4	-0.4	7.3	6.3
Total	176.4	176.5	0.0	388.0	380.2	-2.0	57.6	48.4
NORTHEAST ASIA —								
China	32.9	38.2	16.3	98.5	114.2	16.0	16.0	22.1
Japan	157.8	158.3	0.4	416.2	397.6	-4.5	62.9	62.0
Korea	36.7	38.9	6.1	101.6	107.1	5.4	16.5	16.7
Taiwan	34.2	24.1	-29.6	76.1	64.2	-15.6	11.7	12.0
Total	297.6	289.2	-2.8	793.7	777.5	-2.0	124.6	134.0
THE AMERICAS —								
Canada	16.7	14.6	-12.5	54.0	53.5	-1.0	6.9	6.4
United States of America	109.5	97.0	-11.4	284.6	261.8	-8.0	47.6	43.6
Total	133.8	118.8	-11.2	362.1	334.7	-7.6	58.1	53.5
AFRICA (excluding North Africa) —								
South Africa	14.7	11.8	-19.2	35.2	29.4	-16.4	4.5	4.6
Total	18.4	15.0	-18.2	45.7	39.4	-13.9	6.2	6.5
Total	1,096.3	1,029.6	-6.1	2,842.22	2,702.05	-4.9	446.9	409.4

Total 1,096.3 1,029.6 -6.1 2,842.22 2,702.05 -4.9 4
(a) Figures for short-term movement are based on a sample and are subject to sampling error. See paragraphs 9 and 10 of the Explanatory Notes for more detail.

<sup>(</sup>b) See paragraphs 4, 6 and 7 of the Explanatory Notes.

<sup>(</sup>c) Includes final data for July 2001.

<sup>(</sup>d) Includes final data for January to June 2002.

INTRODUCTION

**1** This publication contains statistics of persons arriving in, and departing from, Australia, together with the major characteristics of travellers. More detailed statistics can be made available on request (see paragraph 22).

SOURCE OF THE STATISTICS

- **2** Persons arriving in, or departing from, Australia provide information in the form of incoming and outgoing passenger cards (see Appendix 1). Incoming persons also provide information in visa applications, apart from people travelling as Australian and New Zealand citizens. These and other information available to the Department of Immigration and Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs (DIMIA) serve as a source for statistics of overseas arrivals and departures.
- **3** In July 1998, DIMIA revised the incoming and outgoing passenger cards and associated procedures as well as computer systems. Following these changes, some questions on the passenger cards were not compulsory and answers to these questions were not checked by Customs officers. The question on marital status was deleted. Data on marital status is now derived from visa applications (only for certain visa classes) and is therefore not available for Australian or New Zealand citizens. The changes also affect the data for 'Previous country of residence' which is imputed for Australian and New Zealand citizens. For more information see the May 1998 issue of this publication. Since July 1998, there have been additional minor changes to both passenger cards.
- **4** The preliminary estimates of visitor arrivals by country of residence (see table 6, page 5) are based on data from DIMIA's Travel and Immigration Processing System (TRIPS). The TRIPS system produces a limited range of data, including country of citizenship, which is used by ABS to produce preliminary estimates by country of usual residence. These preliminary estimates will be revised in the next issue of this publication, when final data is available. For more information see pages 3 and 4 of the June 1997 and the September 1998 issues of this publication.
- **5** The statistics in this publication relate to the number of movements of travellers rather than the number of travellers (i.e. multiple movements of individual persons during a given reference period are each counted separately). The statistics exclude the movements of operational air and ships' crew, of transit passengers who pass through Australia but are not cleared for entry, and of passengers on pleasure cruises commencing and finishing in Australia aboard ships not then engaged on regular voyages. Similarly, these statistics exclude those persons not travelling under standard visa conditions, such as 'boat people' and the 1999 intake of Kosovo refugees.

COUNTRY CLASSIFICATION

- **6** The classification of countries in this publication is the *Australian Standard Classification of Countries for Social Statistics* (ASCCSS). For more detailed information refer to the ABS publication *Australian Standard Classification of Countries for Social Statistics* (Cat. no. 1269.0).
- **7** The statistics on country of birth, citizenship, residence or main destination have certain limitations because of reporting on passenger cards. For instance, United Kingdom includes England, Scotland and Wales. Similarly Korea includes both the Republic of Korea and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

SCOPE

STATE AND TERRITORY CLASSIFICATION

**8** Following the 1992 amendment to the *Acts Interpretation Act* to include the Indian Ocean Territories of Christmas Island and the Cocos (Keeling) Islands as part of geographic Australia, population estimates commencing with the September quarter 1993 include estimates for these two territories. To reflect this change, another category of the State/Territory classification has been created, known as Other Territories. Other Territories includes Jervis Bay Territory, Christmas Island and the Cocos (Keeling) Islands.

**ESTIMATION METHOD** 

- **9** Overseas arrival and departure statistics are derived from a combination of full enumeration and sampling. All permanent movements and all movements with a duration of stay of one year or more are fully enumerated. All movements with a duration of stay of less than one year are sampled. Statistics relating to these movements are therefore estimates which may differ from statistics which would have been obtained if details of all these movements had been processed.
- **10** Since January 1997 variable sample skips have been used in the selection of records to be sampled. Separate skips are applied for each country of citizenship and the skips may vary for each processing month. Over a year about 3.5% of all short term movements are selected for sampling.
- **11** The statistics in this publication have been rounded to the nearest 100 for short-term movements and to the nearest 10 for permanent and long-term movements. In tables showing both short-term and permanent and long-term movements the total movements have been rounded to the nearest 100. The sums of the components may, due to rounding, not add exactly to totals.

CORRECTIONS AND

- **12** The imprecision due to sampling errors should not be confused with errors arising from imperfections in reporting, which may occur in any data collection, whether sampled or not. Every effort is made to minimise such errors, both through careful design of the passenger cards and through checks on the information once it is received. During the edit process some items are corrected where they conflict with other known information. Missing replies to certain items such as age and country of birth are also imputed by reference to other related items.
- **13** Errors of this kind differ from discrepancies arising from the fact that certain information reflects the travellers' intentions at the time the passenger cards were completed. These intentions are, of course, subject to change. Particularly affected is the distinction between permanent and temporary movement and in the latter case, length of intended stay, country in which most time will be spent and main reason for journey.

SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT AND TREND ESTIMATES

- **14** Original and seasonally adjusted short-term overseas visitor arrivals are shown in Table 1. In the seasonally adjusted series, account has been taken of normal seasonal factors and trading day effects (arising from the varying numbers of Sundays, Mondays, Tuesdays etc. in the month) and the effect of movement in the date of Easter which may, in successive years, affect figures for different months.
- 15 Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effects of other influences on the series may be more clearly recognised. Seasonal adjustment procedures do not aim to remove the irregular or non-seasonal influences which may be present in any particular month, such as the effect of major sporting and cultural events, changes in airfares and the fluctuation of Australian dollar relative to other currencies. Irregular influences that are highly volatile can make it difficult to interpret the movement of the series even after adjustment for seasonal variation.
- **16** The trend estimates for short-term overseas visitor arrivals are shown in Table 1. These trend estimates are derived by applying a 13–term Henderson-weighted moving average to all months of the respective seasonally adjusted series except the first and last six months. Trend series are created for the last six months by applying surrogates of the Henderson weighted moving average to the seasonally adjusted series.
- **17** While this technique enables smoothed data for the latest period to be produced, it does result in revisions to the smoothed series, principally of recent months, as additional observations become available. There may also be revisions as a result of the re-estimation of the seasonal factors. For further information, see *A Guide to Interpreting Time Series—Monitoring 'Trends', an Overview* (cat. no. 1348.0).
- **18** Due to the non-sequential processing of the current data backlog, final seasonally adjusted and trend estimates are not yet available and have therefore not been included in relevant tables in this issue. These estimates will be made available when the data backlog has been fully processed (currently expected to be late 2002 or early 2003).
- **19** Users of these statistics may also wish to refer to the following ABS publications:
- Australian Demographic Statistics (cat. no. 3101.0)—issued quarterly
- Migration, Australia (cat. no. 3412.0)—issued annually
- Tourism Indicators, Australia (cat. no. 8634.0)—issued quarterly.
- Demography working paper 2001/7—Statistical Requirements for Overseas Arrivals and Departures Data at September 2001
- **20** Related statistics are also published by the Department of Immigration and Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs, the Department of Transport and Regional Services and the Bureau of Tourism Research.
- **21** Current publications and other products produced by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications and Products, Australia* (cat. no. 1101.0). The Catalogue is available from any ABS office or the ABS web site <www.abs.gov.au>. The ABS also issues a daily *Release Advice* on the web site which details the products to be released in the week ahead.

RELATED PUBLICATIONS

#### ADDITIONAL STATISTICS AVAILABLE

**22** As well as the statistics included in this and related publications, other relevant unpublished data are available for the following variables:

Citizenship (Nationality)

Country of birth

Age (Date of birth)

Sex

Marital status (not available for Australian or New Zealand citizens)

Category of travel

Permanent migrant

Previous/future country of residence

State of intended address/lived

Overseas visitors

Intended/actual length of stay

Main reason for journey

Country of residence

State of intended address/in which most time spent

Australian residents

Intended/actual length of stay overseas

Country spent/intend to spend most time abroad

State or Territory of intended address/State or Territory lived

Occupation (not available for short-term movements)

Country of embarkation/disembarkation

Airport/Port of arrival/departure

Arrival/departure date

Intention to live in Australia for next 12 months (not available for short-term movements)

**23** This publication draws extensively on information provided by the Department of Immigration and Multicultural and Indigenous Affairs. This continued cooperation is very much appreciated: without it, the statistics published would not be available. Information received by the ABS is treated in strict confidence as required by the *Census and Statistics Act* 1905.

SYMBOLS AND OTHER USAGES

ABS Australian Bureau of Statistics

DIMIA Department of Immigration and Multicultural and

Indigenous Affiairs

OAD Overseas Arrivals and Departures

p preliminary n.a. not available

n.f.d. not further definedn.y.a. not yet available

nil or rounded to zero

.. not applicable

#### Australian resident

Australian residence is self-defined as reported by travellers when completing Incoming and Outgoing Passenger Cards.

#### Category of movement

Overseas Arrivals and Departures are classified according to length of stay (in Australia or overseas), recorded in months and days by travellers on passenger cards. There are three main *categories of movement*:

- permanent movements
- long-term movements
- short-term movements.

A significant number of travellers (i.e. overseas visitors to Australia on arrival and Australian residents going abroad) state exactly 12 months or one year as their intended period of stay. Many of them stay for less than that period and on their departure from, or return to, Australia are therefore classified as short-term. Accordingly in an attempt to maintain consistency between arrivals and departures, movements of travellers who report their actual or intended period of stay as being one year exactly are randomly allocated to long-term or short-term, in proportion to the number of movements of travellers who report their actual length of stay as up to one month more, or one month less, than one year.

# Country of residence

Country of residence refers to the country in which travellers regard themselves as living or as last having lived.

#### Intended length of stay

On arrival in Australia, all overseas visitors are asked to state their 'Intended length of stay in Australia'. On departure from Australia, all Australian residents are asked to state their 'Intended length of stay overseas'.

#### Long-term arrivals

Long-term arrivals comprise:

- overseas visitors who intend to stay in Australia for 12 months or more (but not permanently); and
- Australian residents returning after an absence of 12 months or more overseas.

# Long-term departures

Long-term departures comprise:

- Australian residents who intend to stay abroad for 12 months or more (but not permanently); and
- overseas visitors departing who stayed 12 months or more in Australia.

#### Main destination

Australian residents travelling overseas are asked on departure for the name of the country in which they intend to spend most time.

#### Main reason for journey

On arrival in, or departure from, Australia all overseas visitors and Australian residents are asked to state their main reason for journey. From September 1994, all statistics relating to *main reason for journey* have been published using the following categories:

- convention/conference
- business
- visiting friends/relatives
- holiday
- employment
- education
- other

In tabulations of data collected before September 1994, the 'Other' category includes 'In transit' and the 'Holiday' category includes both 'Student vacation' and 'Accompanying business visitor'.

#### State/Territory of address/lived

Overseas visitors are asked on arrival in Australia for their State of intended address. On departure from Australia overseas visitors are asked the State where they spent most time.

Australian residents are asked on departure for the State in which they live/lived. Residents returning to Australia are asked for their State of intended address.

# Overseas Arrivals and Departures (OAD)

Overseas Arrivals and Departures refer to the arrival or departure of Australian residents or overseas visitors, through Australian airports (or sea ports), which have been recorded on Incoming or Outgoing Passenger Cards. Statistics on Overseas Arrivals and Departures relate to the number of movements of travellers rather than the number of travellers (i.e. the multiple movements of individual persons during a given reference period are all counted).

# Permanent arrivals

Permanent arrivals (settlers) comprise:

travellers who hold migrant visas (regardless of stated intended period of stay);

- New Zealand citizens who indicate an intention to settle; and
- those who are otherwise eligible to settle (e.g. overseas born children of Australian citizens).

This definition of settlers is used by the Department of Immigration and Multicultural Affairs. Prior to 1985 the definition of settlers used by the ABS was the stated intention of the traveller only. Numerically the effect of the change in definition is insignificant. The change was made to avoid the confusion caused by minor differences between data on settlers published separately by the ABS and the Department of Immigration and Multicultural Affairs.

#### Permanent departures

Permanent departures are Australian residents (including former settlers) who on departure state that they intend to settle permanently in another country.

# Short-term arrivals

Short-term arrivals comprise:

- overseas visitors whose intended stay in Australia is less than 12 months; and
- Australian residents returning after an absence of less than 12 months overseas.

#### Short-term departures

Short-term departures comprise:

- Australian residents who intend to stay abroad for less than 12 months; and
- overseas visitors departing who stayed less than 12 months in Australia.

#### STANDARD ERRORS

RELIABILITY OF ESTIMATES

- **1** Estimates based on a sample are subject to sampling variability i.e. they may differ from those that would be obtained from full enumeration.
- **2** The sampling error associated with any estimate can be estimated from the sample results and one measure so derived is the standard error. Given an estimate and the standard error on that estimate, there are about two chances in three that the sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the figure that would have been obtained from full enumeration, and about nineteen chances in twenty that the difference will be less than two standard errors. The relative standard error is the standard error of the estimate expressed as a percentage of the estimate.
- **3** It would be impractical to publish estimates of standard errors for all figures in individual tables. However, the following tables of standard errors and relative standard errors give an indication of the magnitude of the sampling error associated with any estimate of a particular size for short-term and total movement.

#### APPROXIMATE STANDARD ERRORS ON ESTIMATES FOR STRATIFIED SAMPLE

SHORT-TERM SHORT-TERM DEPARTURE OR ARRIVAL ARRIVAL OR DEPARTURE ARRIVALS OR OF AUSTRALIAN RESIDENTS OF OVERSEAS VISITORS **DEPARTURES** Estimated Relative Relative Relative standard standard number of Standard Standard standard Standard persons error error error error error error no. % no. % no. % 10 000 550 6 490 5 550 6 5 000 450 9 330 7 410 8 2 000 280 14 230 11 250 13 1 000 200 20 150 15 170 17 750 180 24 140 19 150 20 500 130 26 110 22 125 25 30 100 25 29 400 120 115 300 110 36 84 28 97 32 200 90 45 70 35 80 40 100 63 49 49 56 56 63

- **4** An example of the use of this table is as follows. If the estimate of the number of Australian resident departures for short-term visits abroad is 500, then the standard error on this estimate is 130 i.e. there are two chances in three that the actual number of Australian resident departures for short-term visits abroad will lie between 370 and 630 and nineteen chances in twenty that it will lie between 240 and 760.
- **5** The larger the size of an estimate the smaller the relative standard error. For any estimate of greater than 10,000 the relative standard error will be less than 6%.

# STANDARD ERRORS

RELIABILITY OF ESTIMATES continued

- **6** The estimate of the difference between an estimate in two different periods or between different estimates from the same period is also subject to sampling error. The standard error on the difference between any two estimates which are subject to sampling error can be approximated by using the larger standard error of the estimates inflated by a factor of 1.4.
- **7** An example of the use of this procedure is as follows. Assume the estimates of the number of arrivals to Australia from Taiwan during January 1994 and January 1995 are 1,500 and 750 respectively. The difference between the 1994 and 1995 figures is 750 and the standard errors on these estimates are approximately 190 and 140. The standard error on the difference is approximately 266 (1.4 x 190), and there are nineteen chances in twenty that the estimate of the difference between the two years will lie between 218 and 1,282.

# APPENDIX 1— PASSENGER CARDS(a)

	Australi	YOU MUST ANSWER EVERY QUESTION – IF UNSURE, 🔀 Yes	
Incoming passenger card	Australi	▶ Are you bringing into Australia:	
PLEASE COMPLETE IN ENGLISH		1. Goods that may be prohibited or subject to restrictions, such as	
► Family/surname		medicines, steroids, firearms, weapons of any kind or illicit drugs?	Yes No
▶ Given names		2. More than 1125ml of alcohol or 250gm of tobacco products?     3. Goods obtained overseas or purchased duty or tax free in Australia	Yes 🔲 No 🔲
▶ Passport number		with a combined total price of more than AUD\$400, including gifts?	Yes 🗌 No 🗌
		4. Goods/samples for business/commercial use?	Yes 🔲 No 🔲
Flight number or name of ship		5. AUD\$10,000 or more in Australian or foreign currency equivalent?	Yes 🗌 No 🗌
Intended address in Australia		6. Food of any type – includes dried, fresh, preserved, cooked, uncooked – anything you can eat or cook?	Yes No No
		7. Wooden articles, parts of plants, traditional medicines or herbs, seeds,	.55 — 145 —
December 1 A 1 P 1	State , ,	bulbs, straw, nuts?	Yes 🗌 No 🗌
▶ Do you intend to live in Australia for the next 12 months?	Yes 🗌 No	8. Animals, parts of animals and products in contact with animals including equipment, eggs, biologicals, specimens, birds, fish, insects, coral,	
► If you are NOT an Australian citizen:	100 🗀 100	shells, bees, bee products, pet food?	Yes No
Do you suffer from tuberculosis?	Yes No	9. Soil, or articles with soil attached, i.e. sporting equipment, shoes, etc?	Yes No No
Do you have any criminal conviction		10. Have you visited a faith outside Australia in the past 30 days?	Yes
			100 🗀 180 🗀
<b>DECLARATION</b> The information I have given is true, c		IR SIGNATURE  DAY MONTH YEAR	TURN OVER
complete. I understand failure to answ	ver any		THE CARD
<ul> <li>questions may have serious conseque</li> </ul>	ences.		English
INCOMING CARD - BACK			
•			
PLEASE COMPLETE IN ENGLISH   F	PLEASE 🔀 AND	ANSWER A OR B OR C	
In which country did you	Migrating		
board this flight or ship?	permanent	ly to	esident returning Australia
	to Australia	YEARS MONTHS DAYS	
What is your usual occupation?			ry where you most time abroad
1		➤ Your country of residence	
Nationality as shown on passport		► Your country of residence    Your main reason for coming to Australia (X one only)	
		➤ Your main reason for coming to Australia (X one only)  Convention/conference ☐ 1 Employment ☐ 4 Holiday ☐ 7  MAKE S	URE YOU HAVE COMPLETED
Date DAY MONTH YEAR		➤ Your main reason for coming to Australia (X one only)  Convention/conference ☐ 1 Employment ☐ 4 Holiday ☐ 7  Business ☐ 2 Education ☐ 5 Other ☐ 8  PSSE  PSSE	TH SIDES OF THIS CARD.
DAY MONTH YEAR		➤ Your main reason for coming to Australia (X one only)  Convention/conference ☐ 1 Employment ☐ 4 Holiday ☐ 7  Business ☐ 2 Education ☐ 5 Other ☐ 8  PRESS	TURE YOU HAVE COMPLETED IT SIDES OF THIS CARD. NOT THIS CARD ON ARRIVAL WITH YOUR PASSPORT.
Date DAY MONTH YEAR of birth Information sought on this form is required to adn	ninister immigration, cu	➤ Your main reason for coming to Australia (X one only)  Convention/conference ☐ 1 Employment ☐ 4 Holiday ☐ 7  Business ☐ 2 Education ☐ 5 Other ☐ 8  Visiting friends or relatives ☐ 3 Exhibition ☐ 6	TH SIDES OF THIS CARD. INT THIS CARD ON ARRIVAL
Date DAY MONTH YEAR of birth I Garage I	laws of Australia and it o agencies administerin	Vour main reason for coming to Australia (X one only)  Convention/conference 1 Employment 4 Holiday 7  Business 2 Education 5 Other 8  Visiting friends or relatives 3 Exhibition 6	TH SIDES OF THIS CARD.  NIT THIS CARD ON ARRIVAL  VITH YOUR PASSPORT.  Commonwealth of Australia 1999
Date DAY MONTH YEAR of birth Information sought on this form is required to adn quarantine, statistical, health, wildlife and currency I	laws of Australia and it o agencies administerin w. The leaflet Safeguard	Vour main reason for coming to Australia (X one only)  Convention/conference 1 Employment 4 Holiday 7  Business 2 Education 5 Other 8  Visiting friends or relatives 3 Exhibition 6	TH SIDES OF THIS CARD.  INT THIS CARD ON ARRIVAL  VITH YOUR PASSPORT.
Date DAY MONTH YEAR of birth States of birth S	laws of Australia and it o agencies administerin w. The leaflet Safeguard	Vour main reason for coming to Australia (X one only)  Convention/conference 1 Employment 4 Holiday 7  Business 2 Education 5 Other 8  Visiting friends or relatives 3 Exhibition 6	TH SIDES OF THIS CARD.  NIT THIS CARD ON ARRIVAL  VITH YOUR PASSPORT.  Commonwealth of Australia 1999
Date DAY MONTH YEAR of birth DAY MONTH DAY	laws of Australia and it o agencies administerin w. The leaflet Safeguard	Vour main reason for coming to Australia (X one only)  Convention/conference 1 Employment 4 Holiday 7  Business 2 Education 5 Other 8  Visiting friends or relatives 3 Exhibition 6	TH SIDES OF THIS CARD.  NIT THIS CARD ON ARRIVAL  VITH YOUR PASSPORT.  Commonwealth of Australia 1999
Date DAY MONTH YEAR of birth DAY MONTH DAY	laws of Australia and it o agencies administerin; w. The leaflet Safeguard s and airports.	Vour main reason for coming to Australia (X one only)  Convention/conference 1 Employment 4 Holiday 7  Business 2 Education 5 Other 8  Visiting friends or relatives 3 Exhibition 6	TH SIDES OF THIS CARD.  NIT THIS CARD ON ARRIVAL  VITH YOUR PASSPORT.  Commonwealth of Australia 1999
Date DAY MONTH YEAR of birth DAY MONTH D	laws of Australia and it o agencies administerin; w. The leaflet Safeguard s and airports.	Vour main reason for coming to Australia (X one only)  Convention/conference 1 Employment 4 Holiday 7  Business 2 Education 5 Other 8  Visiting friends or relatives 3 Exhibition 6   MAKES  BOT  PRESE  Whistitor or 1  PLEASE AND ANSWER D OR E OR F	TH SIDES OF THIS CARD. NIT THIS CARD ON ARRIVAL VITH YOUR PASSPORT. Commonwealth of Australia 1999  15 (Design date 06/99)
Date DAY MONTH YEAR of birth DAY BE discosed only tand those entitled to receive it under Australian lapersonal information is available at Australian ports  OUTGOING CARD  Outgoing passenger card •  PLEASE COMPLETE IN ENGLISH	laws of Australia and it o agencies administerin; w. The leaflet Safeguard s and airports.	Vour main reason for coming to Australia (X one only)  Convention/conference 1 Employment 4 Holiday 7  Business 2 Education 5 Other 8  Visiting friends or relatives 3 Exhibition 6   MAKES  BOT  PRESE  Whith the areas  Ing your  PLEASE AND ANSWER D OR E OR F  D Visitor or temporary  Australian resident departing temporarily	TH SIDES OF THIS CARD. NIT THIS CARD ON ARRIVAL VITH YOUR PASSPORT.  15 (Design date 06/99)  15 (Design date 06/99)  Australian resident
Date DAY MONTH YEAR of birth DAY BE discosed only tand those entitled to receive it under Australian lapersonal information is available at Australian ports  OUTGOING CARD  Outgoing passenger card •  PLEASE COMPLETE IN ENGLISH	laws of Australia and it o agencies administerin; w. The leaflet Safeguard s and airports.	► Your main reason for coming to Australia (X one only)  Convention/conference	TH SIDES OF THIS CARD. NT THIS CARD. NT THIS CARD ON ARRIVAL NT HYOUR PASSPORT.  Commonwealth of Australia 1999  15 (Design date 06/99)  Australian resident departing
Date DAY MONTH YEAR of birth DAY BE discosed only tand those entitled to receive it under Australian lapersonal information is available at Australian ports  OUTGOING CARD  Outgoing passenger card •  PLEASE COMPLETE IN ENGLISH  Family/surname	laws of Australia and it o agencies administerin; w. The leaflet Safeguard s and airports.	➤ Your main reason for coming to Australia (X one only)     Convention/conference	TH SIDES OF THIS CARD. NIT THIS CARD ON ARRIVAL ITH YOUR PASSPORT.  Commonwealth of Australia 1999  15 (Design date 06/99)  Australian resident departing permanently
Date DAY MONTH YEAR of birth DAY	laws of Australia and it o agencies administerin; w. The leaflet Safeguard s and airports.	➤ Your main reason for coming to Australia (X one only)      Convention/conference	TH SIDES OF THIS CARD. NT THIS CARD. NT THIS CARD ON ARRIVAL NT HYOUR PASSPORT.  Commonwealth of Australia 1999  15 (Design date 06/99)  Australian resident departing
Date DAY MONTH YEAR of birth DAY BE discosed only tand those entitled to receive it under Australian lapersonal information is available at Australian ports  OUTGOING CARD  Outgoing passenger card •  PLEASE COMPLETE IN ENGLISH  Family/surname	laws of Australia and it o agencies administerin; w. The leaflet Safeguard s and airports.	► Your main reason for coming to Australia (X one only)  Convention/conference	TH SIDES OF THIS CARD. NT THIS CARD. NT THIS CARD ON ARRIVAL ITH YOUR PASSPORT.  Commonwealth of Australia 1999  15 (Design date 06/99)  F Australian resident departing permanently  In which State did you live?
Date DAY MONTH YEAR of birth DAY	laws of Australia and it o agencies administerin; w. The leaflet Safeguard s and airports.	➤ Your main reason for coming to Australia (X one only)  Convention/conference	TH SIDES OF THIS CARD.  NT THIS CARD ON ARRIVAL  ITHYOUR PASSPORT.  Commonwealth of Australia 1999  15 (Design date 06/99)  F Australian resident departing permanently  In which State
Date DAY MONTH YEAR of birth DAY MONTH YEAR of DAY MONTH OF DAY M	laws of Australia and it o agencies administerin; w. The leaflet Safeguard s and airports.	➤ Your main reason for coming to Australia (X one only)  Convention/conference	TH SIDES OF THIS CARD.  NT THIS CARD.  NT THIS CARD ON ARRIVAL  TH YOUR PASSPORT.  Commonwealth of Australia 1999  15 (Design date 06/99)  15 (Design date 06/99)  Australian resident departing permanently  In which State did you live?  NSW Vic Old SA WA Tas
Date DAY MONTH YEAR of birth DAY MONTH YEAR OF DAY MONTH	laws of Nutralia and it of a general samministering on agencies administering w. The leaflet Safeguard s and airports.  Australia	➤ Your main reason for coming to Australia (X one only)  Convention/conference	TH SIDES OF THIS CARD.  NT THIS CARD ON ARRIVAL  ITH YOUR PASSPORT.  Commonwealth of Australia 1999  15 (Design date 06/99)  15 (Design date 06/99)  F Australian resident departing permanently  In which State did you live?  NSW Vic Old SA WA Tas NT ACT NT ACT
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Date DAY MONTH YEAR of birth DAY BE DAY	laws of Nutralia and it of a general samministering on agencies administering w. The leaflet Safeguard s and airports.  Australia	➤ Your main reason for coming to Australia (X one only)      Convention/conference	TH SIDES OF THIS CARD.  NT THIS CARD ON ARRIVAL  ITH YOUR PASSPORT.  Commonwealth of Australia 1999  15 (Design date 06/99)  15 (Design date 06/99)  F Australian resident departing permanently  In which State did you live?  NSW Vic QId SA WA TAS NAT ACT Other Other
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Date DAY MONTH YEAR of birth DAY BE DAY	laws of Nutralia and it of a general samministering on agencies administering w. The leaflet Safeguard s and airports.  Australia	► Your main reason for coming to Australia (X one only)  Convention/conference	TH SIDES OF THIS CARD.  NT THIS CARD ON ARRIVAL  ITH YOUR PASSPORT.  Commonwealth of Australia 1999  15 (Design date 06/99)  15 (Design date 06/99)  F Australian resident departing permanently  In which State did you live?  NSW Vic QId SA WA TAS NAT ACT Other Other
Date DAY MONTH YEAR of birth DAY BE DAY	laws of Nutralia and it of a general samministering on agencies administering w. The leaflet Safeguard s and airports.  Australia	► Your main reason for coming to Australia (X one only)      Convention/conference	TH SIDES OF THIS CARD.  NT THIS CARD ON ARRIVAL  ITH YOUR PASSPORT.  Commonwealth of Australia 1999  15 (Design date 06/99)  15 (Design date 06/99)  F Australian resident departing permanently  In which State did you live?  NSW Vic QId SA WA TAS NAT ACT Other Other
Date DAY MONTH YEAR of birth DAY BE DAY	laws of Nutralia and it of a general samministering on agencies administering w. The leaflet Safeguard s and airports.  Australia	➤ Your main reason for coming to Australia (X one only)     Convention/conference	TH SIDES OF THIS CARD. NT THIS CARD. NT THIS CARD. 15 (Design date 06/99)  15 (Design date 06/99)  15 (Design date 06/99)  F Australian resident departing permanently  In which State did you live?  NSW
Date DAY MONTH YEAR of birth DAY BE DAY	laws of Nutralia and it of a general submission of agencies administering with the leaflet Safeguard sand airports.  Australia	➤ Your main reason for coming to Australia (X one only)     Convention/conference	TH SIDES OF THIS CARD. NT THIS CARD. NT THIS CARD. 15 (Design date 06/99)  15 (Design date 06/99)  15 (Design date 06/99)  F Australian resident departing permanently  In which State did you live?  NSW
Date DAY MONTH YEAR of birth DAY BE discosed only to add those entitled to receive it under Australian lapersonal information is available at Australian ports  OUTGOING CARD  Outgoing passenger card  PLEASE COMPLETE IN ENGLISH  Family/surname  Given names  Passport number  Flight number or name of ship  Country where you will get off this flight number or name of ship  What is your usual occupation?	laws of Nutralia and it of a general submission of agencies administering with the leaflet Safeguard sand airports.  Australia	➤ Your main reason for coming to Australia (X one only)     Convention/conference	TH SIDES OF THIS CARD.  NT THIS CARD ON ARRIVAL  ITH YOUR PASSPORT.  Commonwealth of Australia 1999  15 (Design date 06/99)  15 (Design date 06/99)  F Australian resident departing permanently  In which State did you live?  NSW Vic QId SA WA TAS NAT ACT Other Other

(a) Incoming card used from November 1999. Outgoing card used from July 2000 when a new question on currency was added to the reverse side. See paragraph 3 of the Explanatory Notes for information on passenger card changes.

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